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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. CONFIRMATION NO.		
09/998,477	11/30/2001	John Curtsinger	0275Y-000536 6540		
27572	7590 06/03/2004		EXAMINER		
HARNESS, I	DICKEY & PIERCE,	ALIE, GHASSEM			
P.O. BOX 828 BLOOMFIELD HILLS, MI 48303			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
,			3724		
			DATE MAILED: 06/03/2004		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application	ı No.	Applicant(s)			
		09/998,477	7	CURTSINGER, JOHN			
Office Action Summary		Examiner		Art Unit			
		Ghassem A		3724			
Th Period for Re	e MAILING DATE of this communic	cation appears on the	cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
A SHORT THE MAIL - Extensions after SIX (6 - If the perior - If NO perior - Failure to r Any reply r	ENED STATUTORY PERIOD FO LING DATE OF THIS COMMUNIO of time may be available under the provisions of MONTHS from the mailing date of this commu- d for reply specified above is less than thirty (30 d for reply is specified above, the maximum state eply within the set or extended period for reply veceived by the Office later than three months aftent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	CATION. of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no ever unication. ) days, a reply within the statut utory period will apply and will will by statute cause the appli	nt, however, may a reply be tin ory minimum of thirty (30) day expire SIX (6) MONTHS from artion to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status							
1)⊠ Res	sponsive to communication(s) filed	d on <u>10 March 2004</u> .					
2a)⊠ This	s action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2	b) This action is no					
	and the state of the marks is						
Disposition of	of Claims						
4a) 5)⊡ Cla 6)⊠ Cla 7)⊡ Cla	im(s) <u>59-65</u> is/are pending in the Of the above daim(s) is/ar im(s) is/are allowed. im(s) <u>59-65</u> is/are rejected. im(s) is/are objected to. im(s) are subject to restrict	e withdrawn from cor					
Application	Papers						
10)⊠ The App Rep	specification is objected to by the drawing(s) filed on 30 November blicant may not request that any objection of declaration is objected to	$\frac{2001}{1}$ is/are: a) $\boxtimes$ action to the drawing(s) be the correction is require	e held in abeyance. Seed if the drawing(s) is ob	ee 37 CFR 1.85(a). ojected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority unde	er 35 U.S.C. § 119						
a)	Certified copies of the priority Certified copies of the priority	documents have been documents have been of the priority docume nal Bureau (PCT Rule	n received. n received in Applica ents have been receive 17.2(a)).	tion No red in this National Stage			
Attachment(s)							
1) Notice of	References Cited (PTO-892)	TO 048)	4) Interview Summar Paper No(s)/Mail [	y (PTO-413) Date			
3) Information	Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (Pon Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or (s)/Mail Date <u>2/26/03 &amp; 12/22/03</u>	PTO/SB/08)		Patent Application (PTO-152)			

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### Comment on Double Patenting Rejection

1. The rejection of claims 59 and 61-63 under 35 U.S.C. 101 as claiming the same invention as that of claims 40, 42, 43, and 54 of copending Application No. 10/122.156 is withdrawn, due to terminal disclaimed submitted on 03/10/04.

# Comment on Summary of Interview Pursuant to MPEP 713.04

2. Applicant has indicated that the Examiner and the supervisory Patent Examiner Allan Shoap agreed that the patent to Hill did not appear to be applicable to the claims as presented. It needs to be clarified that the Examiner and the supervisory Patent Examiner Allan Shoap only agreed that the patent to Hill does not appear to teach the limitation "the heat shrinking material directly contacting tips of the teeth of the saw blade" as set forth in the amended claim 59.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all Obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patent ability shall not be negative by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 59-65 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hill (2,010,082) in view of Estkowski et al. (4,696,394), hereinafter Estkowski, and in further view of Havens et al. (5,033,253), hereinafter Havens. Regarding claim 59, Hill teaches a saw blade S including first and second sides, a peripheral edge, and a plurality of teeth that extend along the peripheral edge. Hill also teaches a cover C, C' that has first and second portions with opposite inner and outer surfaces. Hill also teaches that the first portion of the

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cover C, C, is facing the first side of the saw blade S and the second portion of the cover C, C' is folded over the first portion with the inner surface of the second portion facing the second side of the saw blade S. Hill also teaches that the teeth of the saw blade S are secured between the first and second portions of the cover. See Figs. 1-2 and page 1, lines 1-55 in Hill. Hill teaches that the cover C, C' covers the teeth of the saw blade S and the disks D and D'. The cover C, C' is considered to be made of a heat shrinking material since it has an application of a hard gum type material that can be melted in response to heating for cementing the cover C, C' to the surfaces of the disks D, D'. However, Hill does not expressly teach that the cover is made of heat shrinking material and is directly contacting tips of the teeth of the saw blade. The use of heat shrinking material with different strengths to cover or protect annular objects are well known in the art such as taught by Estkowski. Estkowski teaches a protective cover 10 made of shrinking material for covering annular object 11. The cover has first and second portion with opposite inner and outer surfaces. The cover 10 also is directly contacting the peripheral edge of the annular object 11. See Fig. 1 and col. 2, lines 26-68 and col. 3, lines 1-61 in Estkowski. It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to replace the protective cover of Hill's circular saw with the cover made of heat shrinking material as taught by Estkowski in order to efficiently adhere the cover to the sides of the saw disk, without the need of cardboards, and be able to easily remove the cover from the peripheral edge of the circular disk. Hill as modified by Estkowski teaches that the heat shrinking covers the peripheral edge of the circular disk. Hill as modified by Estkowski does not expressly teach that the heat shrinking material contacts the teeth of the saw blade. However, the use of shrinking materials with particular strengths

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to cover or protect sharp edges of tools or objects are well known in the art such as taught by Havens. Havens teaches a heat shrinking material 7 covers a sharp point 9 of an object 10. See Fig. 2 and col. 10, lines 1-10 in Havens. It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to extend the protective cover of Hill's circular saw, as modified by Estkowski, over the teeth of the circular saw as taught by Havens in order to protect the teeth of the circular disk with a cover which easily attaches to the peripheral edge of the circular saw.

Regarding claim 60, Hill teaches everything noted above including that the saw blade S is generally circular and the first portion has a generally circular edge and the second portion extends from the first portion along peripheral edge of the first portion. See Figs. 1 and 2 in Hill.

Regarding claims 61 and 62, Hill as modified by Estkowski teaches everything noted above including that the first portion of the cover 10, as taught by Estkowski, has a circular central opening and forms a ring shape with the second portion of the cover 10. The ring shape has an annular channel between the inner surface of the first and second portions in which the portions of the first and second sides and the teeth of the saw blade S reside. See Fig. 1 in Estkowski.

Regarding claim 63, Hill as modified by Estkowski teaches everything noted above including that the heat shrinking material 10, as taught by Estkowski, is PVC. See col. 2, lines 45-57 in Estkowski.

Regarding claim 64 and 65, Hill as modified by Estkowski teaches everything noted above including that the first and second portions of the cover 10, as taught by Estkowski, are

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respectively disposed against the first and second sides of the blade S. See Fig. 1 in Hill and Estkowski.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all Obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patent ability shall not be negative by the manner in which the invention was made.
- Claims 59-65 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over 6. Estkowski in view of Hill and in further view of Havens. Regarding claim 59, Estkowski teaches a protective cover 10 made of shrinking material for covering annular object 11. The cover has first and second portion with opposite inner and outer surfaces. The cover 10 also is directly contacting the peripheral edge of the annular object 11. See Fig. 1 and col. 2, lines 26-68 and col. 3, lines 1-61 in Estkowski. However, Estkowski does not teach that the cover covers a saw blade having opposite first and second sides, a peripheral edge, and a plurality of teeth. Estkowski also does not teach that the heat shrinking material directly contacting tips of the teeth of the saw blade. However, the use of cover to cover the peripheral edge of a saw blade is well known in the art such as taught by Hill. Hill teaches a saw blade S including first and second sides, a peripheral edge, and a plurality of teeth that extend along the peripheral edge. Hill also teaches a cover C, C' that has first and second portions with opposite inner and outer surfaces. Hill also teaches that the first portion of the cover C, C, is facing the first side of the saw blade S and the second portion of the cover C, C' is folded over the first portion with the inner surface of the second portion facing the second side of

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the saw blade S. Hill also teaches that the teeth of the saw blade S are secured between the first and second portions of the cover. See Figs. 1-2 and page 1, lines 1-55 in Hill. It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to use Estkowski's protective cover to cover the circular disk as taught by Hill, in order to protect the circular disk peripheral edge by a heat shrinking material that can be easily attached to the peripheral edge of the circular saw. Estkowski as modified by Hill does not expressly teach that the heat shrinking material contacting the tips of the teeth of the saw blade. However, the use of shrinking materials with particular strengths to cover or protect sharp edges of tools or objects are well known in the art such as taught by Havens. Havens teaches a heat shrinking material 7 covers a sharp point 9 of an object 10. See Fig. 2 and col. 10, lines 1-10 in Havens. It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to extend the protective cover of Estkowski over the teeth of Hill's circular saw as taught by Havens in order to protect the teeth of the circular disk with a cover which easily attaches to the peripheral edge of the circular saw.

Regarding claim 60, Estkowski as modified by Hill teaches everything noted above including that the saw blade S, as modified by Hill, is generally circular and the first portion has a generally circular edge and the second portion extends from the first portion along peripheral edge of the first portion. See Figs. 1 and 2 in Hill.

Regarding claims 61 and 62, Estkowski teaches everything noted above including that the first portion of the cover 10 has a circular central opening and forms a ring shape with the second portion of the cover 10. The ring shape has an annular channel between the inner

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surface of the first and second portions in which the portions of the first and second sides and the teeth of the saw blade S (as taught by Hill) reside. See Fig. 1 in Estkowski and Hill.

Regarding claim 63, Estkowski teaches everything noted above including that the heat shrinking material 10 is PVC. See col. 2, lines 45-57 in Estkowski.

Regarding claim 64 and 65, Estkowski as modified by Hill teaches everything noted above including that the first and second portions of the cover 10 are respectively disposed against the first and second sides of the blade S, as taught by Hill. See Fig. 1 in Estkowski and Hill.

#### Response to Arguments

7. Applicant's arguments with respect to claim 56-65 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

#### Conclusion

8. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

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9.

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to

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applicant's disclosure.

Anderson (2,954,118) teaches a protective cover to cover the cutting edge of the saw. The

protective cover is directly connected to the cutting edge of the saw.

Tsukada et al. (5,419,933), Jakesch (3,967,727), Van Erden (5,154,289), Halpern

(4,098,577), O'Brien et al. (4,876,843), Angier (1,640,022), Binkowski (4,282,973),

Skarsten (3,096,877), Nestell et al. (3,412,524), and Chow (4,174,037) teach heat shrinking

materials covering annual objects and tools.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Ghassem Alie whose telephone number is (703) 305-4981.

The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri 8:30 am - 5:00 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Allan Shoap can be reached on (703) 305-1082. The fax phone numbers for the

organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 872-9306 for regular

communications and (703) 872-9302 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or

proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-1148.

GA/ga

May 27, 2004

Allan N. Shoap

Supervisory Patent Examiner

Group 3700